

# The China Mail

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HONGKONG, SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1885.

日四初月三年酉乙

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T. JACKSON,  
Chief Manager.  
Hong Kong, February 28, 1885. 347

NOTICE

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1.—The business of the above Bank will be conducted by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, on their premises in Hongkong. Business hours on week-days, 10 to 3: Saturdays, 10 to 1.

2.—The Assets of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation will form a direct security for the repayment of sums deposited in the above Bank.

3.—Sums less than \$1, or more than \$250 at one time will not be received. No depositor may deposit more than \$1,000 in any one year.

4.—Deposits may be on behalf of relations, of trusts, &c., in addition to the depositor's own account.

5.—Persons desirous of saving sums less than a dollar may do so by affixing clean ten-cent stamps to their deposit slip, and the Bank or at the Post Office. When the sum is presented with ten clean stamps, the depositor will be credited one dollar.

6.—Depositors in the Savings' Bank having \$100 or more at their credit may at their option transfer the same to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on fixed deposit for 12 months at 5 per cent, per annum interest.

7.—Deposits may be forwarded from the Posts by means of clean Hongkong Postage Stamps of any values.

8.—Interest at the rate of 31 per cent, per annum will be allowed to depositors on their daily balances.

9.—Each Depositor will be supplied gratis with a Pass-Book which must be presented with each payment or withdrawal. Depositors must not make any entries themselves in their Pass-Books but should send them to be written up at least twice a year, about the beginning of January and beginning of July.

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12.—All documents connected with the business of the Savings' Bank are exempt from stamp duty.

For the  
HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING  
CORPORATION,  
T. JACKSON,  
Chief Manager.  
Hong Kong, April 25, 1884. 718

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H. A. HERBERT,  
Manager.

Hongkong, March 25, 1885. 722

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### NOTICE.

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SALON in the 1st Floor, Macao, as THE  
INSPECTOR and GENERAL COMMISSION  
MERCHANT under the Style and  
Title of "E. W. MITCHELL & CO".

EDWARD W. MITCHELL

Canton, 10th April, 1885. 646

### NOTICE

WE HAVE This Day OPENED a  
BRANCH of our Firm at this Port,  
and have authorized Mr. G. MACKRILL  
SMITH to Sign our Name.

MARSHSON & CO.

Canton, 1st April, 1885. 557

## Intimations.

WILLIAM DOLAN,  
SAIL-MAKER & SHIP-CHANDLER,  
22, PRAYA CENTRAL.

COTTON DUCKS, HEMP CANVAS,  
MANILA ROPE, AMERICAN  
OAKUM, SEA BOATS,  
CORK JACKETS,  
&c., &c.

Hongkong, May 1, 1882. 266

## Intimations.

JUST RECEIVED  
SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTES.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Hongkong, April 11, 1885. 616

D. K. GRIFFITH & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE LONDON  
AERATED WATERS,

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ARCADE to larger Premises

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Hongkong, July 1, 1884. 1246

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DISEASES. There is scarcely any

eruption but will yield to "Sulpholine" in a few days, and commence to fade away, even if it seems past cure. Ordinary plasters, redness, blisters, scurf, roughness, vanish if by magic; while old, enduring skin disorders, that have plagued the sufferers for years, however deeply rooted they may be, "Sulpholine" will successfully attack them. It destroys the animating which cause these skinly, irritible, painful sensations, and, always, produces a clear, healthy, natural condition of the skin. "Sulpholine" Lotion is sold by most Chemists. Bottles 2s. 6d. Made only by J. PEPPER & CO., London.

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D. KING'S DANDELION & QUININE  
LIVER PILLS (without Mercury).

THE BEST REMEDY FOR BILIOUSNESS,  
STOMACH DERANGEMENT,  
FLAUTEULENT PAINS BETWEEN THE  
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disordered liver and dyspepsia. Acknowledged by many eminent surgeons to be the safest and mildest pills for every constitution.

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HOUSE and develops the nervous system

and enriches the blood, promotes

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Tonic, the mental faculties brightened, the

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TARAXACUM & PODOPHYLLIN.

THIS fluid combination, extracted from

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Lockyer's is equal to the most expensive hair restorer.

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RESTORE.

WILL darken grey hair, and in a few

days completely bring back the natural colour.

The effect is superior to that produced by a direct dye, and does not

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LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR  
RESTORE.

IS the best for restoring grey hair to its

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Valuable for destroying scarf and encouraging

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1s. 6d. 3s. 6d. 5s. 10s. 20s.

15th April, 1885. 631

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Have Received their New Stock of

## Summer Goods:

UNDERSHIRTS and PANTS in LINSE-THREAD, SILK, SILK NET, BALUCHIAN,

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Hongkong, April 4, 1885. 572

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Hongkong, August 20, 1884. 1398

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CROWN OCTAVO, pp. 1018.

HONGKONG, 1877-1883.

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This Standard Work on the Chinese Language, constructed on the basis of Kangxi's Imperial Dictionary, contains all Chinese characters in practical use, and while alphabetically arranged according to the sounds of the oldest dialect of China, the Cantonese, it gives also the Mandarin pronunciation of all characters explained in the book, so that its usefulness is by no means confined to the Cantonese Dialect, but the work is a practically complete Thesaurus of the whole Written Language of China, ancient and modern, as used all over the Empire, whilst its introductory chapters serve the purposes of a philological guide to the student.

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Hongkong, January 15, 1883. 151

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(In English and Chinese.)

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Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor Owners will be Responsible for any Debt contracted by the Officers or Crew of the following Vessels, during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:—

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—Messengers Martines.

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SugarDobenture, 1880.....

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FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP.

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Perfect adjustment of ARTIFICIAL TEETH

by Atmospheric Suction without pain or

inconvenience. Discount to missionaries

and families.

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Hongkong, January 12, 1885. 66

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Fragesses a quality of its own that often

outlives the rest of the physical organism.

More frequently, however, either through

disease, inherent weakness, age, it

falls off, turns gray, or fades early.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

Cures the diseases of the scalp and hair;

strengthens it, that is naturally weak;

nourishes and invigorates bald hair roots,

causing a new, vigorous, and luxuriant

growth of hair on bald heads;

restores the hair to its original color, and lustre to

faded hair.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is also

## Toilet Luxury.

Superior to all other preparations for the

dressing of the scalp and hair. It imparts pliancy,

silken softness, lustre and luxuriance of

growth, and not only cures Scald Head,

Itching Humor, Tetter Sores, Dandruff,

etc., but also cures baldness, and causes the

hair falling off and turning gray.

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HONGKONG, CHINA and MANILA.

A. S. WATSON &amp; Co.

NETHERLANDS INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

# THE CHINA MAIL.

No. 6778.—APRIL 18, 1885.]

NINE vessels of the British fleet in these waters were at Nagasaki last week, and all of them were taking in as much coal as they can carry. The *Agamemnon* was either at Nagasaki or in its vicinity at the same time.

A PRIVATE individual proposes, in the *Shen-Pao* of the 28th March, a new scheme for providing military funds. This consists in levying taxes on (1) each opium-couch 30 cash per day, which should produce in Kiangsu alone over Tls. 200,000 a month while the evil habit of smoking would be checked; (2) on every table in a teahouse 50 p.c. on the price of the tea sold, which would give over Tls. 30,000 per meson in Kiangsu, and is justified by the rise in the price of a cup of tea and the extravagant decorations of teahouses; (3) on the cost of lamps and other decorations in temples at the same rate, as is paid on theatrical performances, which would yield over Tls. 10,000 a month, and would divert funds wasted on luxury to proper uses; (4) on each sheep or pig killed in butchers' shops 300 cash or 6 cash per lb., which would provide Tls. 70 or 80,000 a month, and meat-eaters should gladly pay of their superiority to support the army; (5) on pawnshops the legal rate of 30,000 cash, which was reduced by Tso-Tsung-tang to one-half, now being restored, which would supply Tls. 10,000 a month, and on peace being restored the rate might be again reduced.

Thus in Kiangsu Tls. 40,000 odd might be collected per meson, and in the Eighteen Provinces a total of 5 or 6 millions of taels, without injury to the people. With this sum ironclads might be built, arms bought, soldiers trained, generals engaged, and the French crushed within a measurable period. What do men of genius think of this suggestion?

A MEETING of the Exhibition Commission was held at the City Hall on Thursday, the 16th April, at 4 p.m., the Hon. W. Keawick presiding. It was determined that the time had arrived for ascertaining the amount of pecuniary support that the forthcoming Exhibition would be able to obtain, and it was resolved that immediate steps be taken to raise a guarantee fund of twenty thousand dollars, exclusive of the five hundred pounds sterling to be granted by the Government. At the request of the Honorary Secretary, the Honorable F. Stewart and Mr. A. P. McEwen were deputed to assist the Honorary Secretary in determining the proper distribution of the expenditure, and it was agreed that no expenses be incurred without the previous sanction of any two of these gentlemen. In matters of larger moment a further reference to be made to the Commission.

We hear that several gentlemen have expressed their readiness to assist in the work of the Exhibition, and we think there ought to be no difficulty in raising the required guarantee fund. If there is to be an exhibition at all, it is very desirable that it should be carried out effectively, and we are certainly of opinion that the programme which the Commission have formulated is in every sense suitable and comprehensive, and capable of being developed into a very interesting exhibition, which will bear comparison in interest with anything that the other Colonies can exhibit.

The view taken by the Rev. Dr Chalmers of the proposed Bill to incorporate the Vicar Apostolic of the Roman Catholic Church in Hongkong is one that is both intelligible and decided. Hitherto all charitable and religious bodies have held or disposed of property by means of trustees; and the London Missionary Society, to which Dr Chalmers at present belongs, is a case in point. As a staunch believer in the entire separation of the Church from the State, the worthy Doctor opposes all attempts to incorporate religious bodies or societies in this Colony; but he has an especial objection to this proposed incorporation because it is opposed to the tendency of legislation in this Colony, which of late has been directed against the recognition by the State of any religious body whatever. We do not here speak of disendowment, although the decision which by anticipation cuts off all governmental support from the English Church here, so soon as the present incumbent vacates his post, is one which clearly enough denotes the trend of modern legislation. The withdrawal of the letters patent for the see of Victoria was another sign of this tendency, and it does seem to be not a little strange that, as Dr Chalmers says, the Government should now get out of its way to incorporate another religious society or body, when there is an alternative mode of procedure. We do not believe that the Rev. Doctor has the slightest intention of raising any sectarian feeling on this subject. Indeed, the argument is much too broad to allow of that accusation. It is nothing more nor less than this, that Government should not incorporate any religious body, whatever Protestant, Roman Catholic, Buddhist, or Confucian; and there can be no doubt that, as a well-defined policy, it has its good points. Probably it would be the safest course in the end; for if Government merely recognised individuals as Trustees for certain bodies at home, the possibility of any future misunderstandings such as those so forcibly predicted by the Hon. P. Bryce would entirely disappear. We recommend this view to the attention of the unofficial members in the event of any further discussion on the subject.

ORDER OF SERVICE AT ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.—2ND SUNDAY AFTER PENTECOST.—Matins.—Pauline, Lawes and Macfarren; Te Deum, Dykes; Benedictus, Laudan; Antiphon, "I will lift up mine eyes"; (Clarke-Whitfield); Kyrie, Schubert; Hymn, 107.

Evensong.—Pauline, Fassell, Battisill and Hayes; Magnificat, Burnby; Nunc Dimitis; Monk; Hymns, 290-223 & 21.

SERVICES OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND FOR TOMORROW.—2ND SUNDAY AFTER EASTERTIDE.—Cathedral.

8 a.m.—Parade Service, Morning Prayer and Sermon. The Military Chaplain.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion. The Colonial Chaplain.

5.45 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. The Colonial Chaplain.

St. Peter's Church.

9 a.m.—Holy Communion. Rev. J. B. Ost.

Garrison Theatre.

7.30 p.m.—Soldiers' voluntary service. The Military Chaplain.

St. Stephen's Church (all Services in Chinese).

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion. Revs. J. B. Ost and Fong Yat-Sau.

7 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Revs. J. B. Ost and Fong Yat-Sau.

—

Among the early results of the present military awakening will, no doubt, be the addition of 200 men to the strength of each Indian infantry regiment and of another squadron to each regiment of cavalry, half now being restored, which would supply Tls. 10,000 a month, and on peace being restored the rate might be again reduced.

Thus in Kiangsu Tls. 40,000 odd might be collected per meson, and in the Eighteen Provinces a total of 5 or 6 millions of taels, without injury to the people. With this sum ironclads might be built, arms bought, soldiers trained, generals engaged, and the French crushed within a measurable period. What do men of genius think of this suggestion?

The American Trading Company at Yoko-hama have, according to the *Nichi Nichi Shinbun*, commenced an action against a man called Tokuda Yosaburo for damages amounting to eighty millions of dollars. The action is for the amount of penalty fixed by an agreement entered into by the defendant to sell all the sulphur in a mine of which he was part owner, to the Trading Company. This he has not done, hence the action.

DURING the past year the number of subscribers to the Shanghai Telephone Exchange has more than doubled, and the calls have risen in number from an average of about 180 to nearly 600; the highest number reached in any one day this year being 600. The number of instruments in use, including those of the French and English Councils, is 168, whilst the number of miles of line run by the Company is no less than 170.—N. C. D. News.

IN PARTIBUS INFIDELIUM.

To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL."

Hongkong, April 18.

Sir.—Perhaps it may interest some of your readers to learn the origin of the practice that certain Roman Catholic bishops take their titles and places in partibus (i.e. infidelium). It does not exactly date from the earliest days of the church, though indeed the practice, never to give up formally a once possessed or claimed right, is of very long standing in the Church of Rome.

In the ninth century many bishops in Spain who had been expelled from their seats by the Arabs, fled to Oviedo, hoping one day to be able to return, so that when any of them died, a successor was at once appointed.

It was more frequently since the end of the 12th century, that titular bishops were appointed for dioceses, which had been taken away from Christians by the Saracens and were now in the hands of unbelievers (in partibus infidelium). These titular bishops, in contradistinction from regular bishops, are revocable papal delegates and such as called apostolic vicars. If this be borne in mind, perhaps, after all, the title may not be so dangerous.

Yours truly,  
CHURCH HISTORY.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

### UGHT ANY RELIGIOUS SOCIETY BE INCORPORATED?

To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL."

Hongkong, April 18th.

Sir.—In these days of disestablishment of churches, the question may reasonably be asked, whether the passing of an ordinance to incorporate any religious society is not a step in the wrong direction.

Every bishop and every vicar in the Church of England is a corporation sole and has territorial jurisdiction by law established.

But has any dissenting minister, and moderator of Free Church, or any chairman of Methodist conference similar privileges?

The Len on Missionary Society, it is necessary to hold property in the City of London. It is composed entirely of British subjects and its head-quarters are in the metropolis. The Church of the London Missionary Society is a corporation, or some representation of a corporation sole, to hold property on its behalf? I heard not from the best authority a statement, which did not surprise me, that the said Society has no recognition as holding property in the eye of the law. And I suggest a very strict inquiry would be made by the British Parliament into the constitution of that Society, its tenets, its members, and its laws, before an act incorporating it, or its representative, would be passed.

The "Sacred Congregation," an alien society, over which the British Government can have no control. When the question is asked, What is this "Sacred Congregation" the Roman Catholic Bishop

first replies, I thought you knew' and then gives a definition which he says must be very accurate, because it is quoted from some professor he lectured in Rome. But would the Secretary or the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the London Missionary Society be treated with any different consideration?

If he answered the questions of Her Majesty's Government in a similar way?

Now it is possible for the British Government to recognise the "Sacred Congregation" as holding property by its Vicar Apostolic, if it cannot recognise any dissenting congregation or society existing within the British dominions in a similar manner.

But if he is to incorporate one why not all? Why not the Irvingite Catholic Apostolic Church, the Salvation Army, or the Latter Day Saints? It seems to me that the unofficial members of the Legislative Council would have acted wisely if they had objected to the incorporation of a religious society merely on the high tide.

The act gives a kind of territorial jurisdiction whether it says "in Hongkong" or "of Hongkong."

J. CHALMERS.

All four ponies faced the starter, and got off well together. Hoot, ridden by Mr. Bathgate, took the lead and kept it till the last corner, with Blair Atholl in close attendance. Entering the straight, Mr. Dow brought No. 2 back to the front and won a good race by a neck, Blair Atholl third. Time 1m. 37s.

2.—THE CONSULAT. Cc.—(Presented) Value \$8. For all China Ponies. Weights as per scale. Entrance \$5. Half a Mile.

Mr Prossy's Iroquois ..... 1

Major Bagstock's Wild Waif ..... 2

Mr Bellon's Mongol ..... 3

Iroquois took the lead and kept it throughout. Wild Waif was a good second, Mongol a bad third. Time 1m. 30s. Won by a length and a half.

3.—THE ROYAL NAVAL CUP.—Presented by Captain Hotham and officers of H.M.S. *Milner* to be run for by any Ponies bound for the property of residents of Poosong. Weights as per scale. Entrance \$5. One Mile.

Sir William's Grizzly ..... 1

Mr Owl's Toot (late Haymarket) ..... 2

Mr York's Sokol ..... 3

Only three ponies started, and Sokol soon fell far behind. Won easily. Time 2m. 16s. secs.

4.—THE CHASSE CUP.—Presented by Captain Hotham and officers of H.M.S. *Milner* to be run for by any Ponies bound for the property of residents of Poosong. Weights as per scale. Entrance \$5. One Mile and three-quarters.

Mr Norton's Cruiser ..... 1

Mr Belmont's Ewo ..... 2

Mr Prossy's Kinsman ..... 3

Mr Bellon's Mongol ..... 0

Kinsman, with Mr Jeyes up, got up first, and kept the lead till the quarter mile post, when he was collared. A fine race down the Straight resulted in a dead heat between Ewo, ridden by Mr Bathgate, and Cruiser, ridden by Mr Draw. Mongol was out of it. Time 1m. 23s. secs. The two leading ponies divided the stakes.

5.—THE SPRING CUP.—Value \$100. Second Pony \$30. For all China Ponies that have never run previous to the meeting. Weights as per scale. Entrance \$5. One mile and a half.

Mr Prossy's Blair Atholl ..... 1

Mr Owl's Hoot ..... 2

Mr Jennesy's Olong ..... 3

Mr Norton's No. 2 ..... 0

Hoot till the last quarter, when Blair Atholl, who had come through the two other ponies with little to spare at the beginning of the second round, came to the front and won in a canter by two lengths. Time 3m. 34s. secs.

6.—THE SPRING CUP.—Value \$100. For all China Ponies. Weights as per scale.

Winner of the Consulat Cup 7 lbs. extra.

Entrance \$5. Three quarters of a mile.

Mr St. Andrew's Morry Monk ..... 1

Major Bagstock's Wild Waif ..... 2

Mr Belmont's Heater ..... 3

Mr Bellon's Mongol ..... 0

Merry Monk took the rails from Heaton as soon as the flag fell, and easily kept the lead till the finish. A good race for third place was made between the other two ponies. 1m. 37s. secs.

7.—THE NANTAI STAKES.—Of \$10 each. A forced entry for all Ponies entered at this meeting, except the entries for the Hack Stakes. First Pony to receive 70 per cent, Second 20 per cent. Third 10 per cent of the Stakes. Weights as per scale. One mile and a half.

Major Bagstock's Whitechapel ..... 1

Mr Norton's Cruiser ..... 2

Mr Roderick's Ewo ..... 3

A splendid race. Iroquois bolted for about a quarter of a mile, but, on the second attempt, a fair start was accomplished.

Iroquois led for the first round, but they all got together by the time they turned into the Straight, and a splendid race resulted in Whitechapel being first by a neck. Time 2m. 49s. secs.

FOOTHILL SPRING RACE MEETING.

(From our Correspondent.)

Stewards.—C. Hansen, Esq., A. W. Walkins, Esq., J. Bathgate, Esq., H. A. Northey, Esq., Dr. Rennie, G. Siemsen, Esq., F. Halton, Esq., Secretary—J. Bathgate, Esq., Starter—H. M. Skene, Esq., Judge—C. Hansen, Esq., Clerk of the Course—J. W. Filley, Esq.

FIRST DAY.

April weather is in Fochow even more than is to be expected; this year has proved so far no exception to the general rule, the thermometer having several times fallen some twenty degrees within 24 hours. The Clerk of the Weather seemed to day to have repented of his usual unkind treatment of the Race Club in the matter of rain, but still a little spiteful, gave us almost more sunshine and heat than we bargained for so early in the year. It is, perhaps, a mistake to defer the Spring Meeting till the middle of April; but, at any rate, it saves much trouble to the amateur keepers of the course, very few Chinese finding time to attend, though those that did were quite as enthusiastic, as the English, and were only lodged in the Government workhouse.

Merry Monk took the rails from Heaton as soon as the flag fell, and easily kept the lead till the finish. This was in May, 1881, and he remained in charge of his business there until May, 1882. During that time Holt was trading for him under the agreement, and returned to him for Hongkong, leaving Holt in charge of the Station he had been at all along. The stock was left in charge of Holt, who had a sufficient supply of tools and everything used in the business. Defendant, saw Holt's stock of "trade" himself, Henderson remained with him until April, 1881, when defendant returned from another trip which he made to Hongkong. Holt was then in the *Lilla* and got lost. The *Wrecker* went to the rescue of the crew, who were left desolate on the islands. Holt went with the *Wrecker*, and defendant told him that under the old agreement he was to give him \$20 a month, if he took him on private work, but he would give him \$30 to induce him to do well. This was the only time he took him on private work. He was away about two months, during which time Holt made himself generally useful, and defendant promised to conclude a written agreement with him when he returned. Holt was to take up his station at Gor. Captain Henderson was then in charge of the "trade" stock. Holt had a sufficient supply of tools and everything used in the business. Defendant, saw Holt's stock of "trade" himself, Henderson remained with him until April, 1881, when defendant returned from another trip which he made to Hongkong. Holt was then in the *Lilla* and got lost. The *Wrecker* went to the rescue of the crew, who were left desolate on the islands. Holt went with the *Wrecker*, and defendant told him that under the old agreement he was to give him \$20 a month, if he took him on private work, but he would give him \$30 to induce him to do well. This was the only time he took him on private work. He was away about two months, during which time Holt made himself generally useful, and defendant promised to conclude a written agreement with him when he returned. Holt was to take up his station at Gor. Captain Henderson was then in charge of the "trade" stock. Holt had a sufficient supply of tools and everything used in the business. Defendant, saw Holt's stock of "trade" himself, Henderson remained with him until April, 1881, when defendant returned from another trip which he made to Hongkong. Holt was then in the *Lilla* and got lost. The *Wrecker* went to the rescue of the crew, who were left desolate on the islands. Holt went with the *Wrecker*, and defendant told him that under the old agreement he was to give him \$20 a month, if he took him on private work, but he would give him \$30 to induce him to do well. This was the only time he took him on private work. He was away about two months, during which time Holt made himself generally useful, and defendant promised to conclude a written agreement with him when he returned. Holt was to take up his station at Gor. Captain Henderson was then in charge of the "trade" stock. Holt had a sufficient supply of tools and

